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	IN: IGN BLAME TO ANY PARTY D USING INFORMATION FOUND II	N THE NEWS		
	TAIN THE FULL STORY AS THE INVE NFORMATIONAL PURPOSES AND S RSE		7	HIS
	MES ARTICLE TITLED: "EVENTS THA OP THIS PRESENTATION	T LED TO FLINT'S WATE	R CRISIS" (1-2	6-16) WAS
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HERE IS	WHAT HAS BEEN REPORTED IN THE NEWS
March 2013:	The Flint city council votes to switch the city's water supply from Detroit to the new \$233 million Lake Huron sourced Karegnodi Water Authority (KWA).
April 2014:	KWA system won't be completed until 2016. Flint begins to draw water from the Flint River (it's temporary back up source).
October 2014:	General Motors engine plant stops using Flint water because is was corroding their metal parts.





2 identical nails placed in 2 glasses of drinking water for 1 month.

Water in one glass came from Flint, the other from Detroit.

Can you guess which one is which?

Challenges	1.	Tuestine	TI:m4	D:	141-4-
unallendes	ım	reating	FIIII	River	vvale

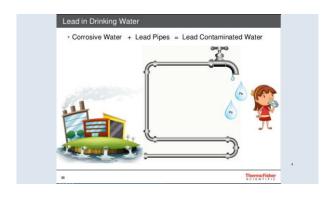
- · Flint River has naturally excessive levels of chloride
 - Chloride reacts with iron pipes to form ferric chloride (FeCl₃)
 - · Reaction with iron ties up chloride that should be disinfecting the water
- Additional chlorine must be added for disinfection
- Organic matter present in Flint River
- Additional chlorine reacts with the organic matter
 Reaction produces trihalomethane (THM) by-products
- THMs well-known for carcinogenic properties
- Flint River has a naturally low pH
- Reaction with iron and lack of corrosion inhibitors for water treatment help maintain low pH

· Acidic environment promotes reaction with lead in pipes

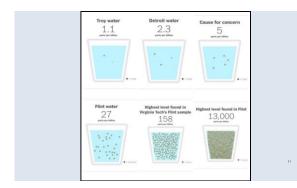
ThermoFisher SCIENTIFIC

HERE	IS WHAT HAS BEEN REPORTED IN THE NEWS
Jan 2015:	Detroits' water system offers to reconnect Flint to its source, offers to waive the \$4 million dollar reconnection fee. Three weeks later, the state's emergency manager Jerry Ambrose, declines the offer.
Feb 2015:	In a memo to Governor Snyder, officials play down problems and say that the water is not an imminent "threat to public health".

WOULD YOU DRINK THIS WATER? The image provided by Flatifizationally any shows sortion samples from a Flatification for the interest than the color late of the 28-2015. NOTE THE DATE: THESE SAMPLES WERE DRAWN IN JANUARY 2015



HERE IS	WHAT HAS BEEN REPORTED IN THE NEWS
Feb 18, 2015:	Drinking water in a home finds lead levels at 104ppb. The report is sent to EPA.
Feb 26, 2015:	EPA & Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) meet to discuss high levels of lead in resident's water samples.
	d lead in water >15ppb in 25% of the homes tested.
Highest level of I	ead in water found by Virginia Tech - 13,200 ppb.



HERE IS WHAT HAS BEEN REPORTED IN THE NEWS February 27, 2015: EPA expert, Miguel Toral, says the state was testing the water in a way that could profoundly understate the lead levels. "Given the very high lead levels found at one home and the preflushing happening in Flint, I'm worried that the whole town may have much higher lead levels than the compliance results indicated." It is estimated that 6,000 to 12,000 children have been exposed to lead in water.

PERSONAL STORY	
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✓ A MOTHER OF 4 WHO LIVES IN FLINT WAS ALARMED BY THE COLOR OF THE	<u></u>
WATER AND THE POSSIBLE EFFECTS IT WAS HAVING ON HER CHILDREN	
✓ DAUGHTERS HAIR FELL OUT IN CLUMPS	
✓ TWIN BOYS WOULD BREAK OUT IN A SCALY RASH AFTER BATHING	
✓ LIVES IN A HOME THAT IS LEAD SAFE	
FLINT OFFICIALS TESTED HER WATER IN FEBRUARY 2015 - IT HAD 104 P	РВ
✓ THEY TESTED AGAIN IN MARCH 2015 AND IT WAS 397 PPB	_
	0

·°	PERSONAL STORY	0
✓ WATER TES	STING RESULTS WERE PROVIDED TO EPA	
✓ EPA OPENE	ED AN INVESTIGATION	
✓ DR. MARc E HOME	EDWARDS OF VIRGINIA TECH COLLECTED OVER 30 SA/	MPLES FROM HER
✓ RESULTS I	RANGED FROM 200 PPB TO AS HIGH AS 13,200 PPB	
EPA CATEG	GORIZES WATER CONTAINING >5,000 PPB AS HAZAF	RDOUS WASTE
	.00	14

HERE	IS WHAT HAS BEEN REPORTED IN THE NEWS
Aug 2015:	Raw water test results 11ppb of lead in water from Jan-June. DEQ tells Flint-optimize corrosion control.
Sept 2015:	V.T. expert, Dr. Marc Edwards, reports the corrosiveness of the water is causing lead to leach into the water supply. DEQ disputes those findings.
Sept 2015:	A group of docs lead by Dr. Mona Hanna-Attisha urges the city to stop using Flint River water after finding high levels of lead in the blood of children. State regulators insist the water is safe.

HERE IS	S WHAT HAS BEEN REPORTED IN THE NEWS	
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March 2015:	Flint hires a private consultant, Veolia, who reports the city's water meets state and federal standards, it does not	
	report specifically on lead levels.	
July 2015:	Governor Snyder's chief of staff, expresses concern about the lead, asks for additional info on Flint water test results and blood lead testing of children.	
	and blood lead testing of children.	

HERE IS	WHAT HAS BEEN REPORTED IN THE NEWS
Sept 28, 2015:	Governor Snyder briefed on lead by DEQ & EPA.
Oct 1, 2015:	Flint officials urge residents to stop drinking the water after state epidemiologist validate Dr. Hanna-Attisha's findings. Gov Snyder orders distribution of water filters, expands water testing in schools, and the expansion of water and blood lead testing.
Oct 16, 2015:	Flint is re-connected back to Detroit water.

ARTICLE FROM THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Am J Public Health, 2016 Feb;106(2):283-90. doi: 10.2105/AJPH.2015.303003. Epub 2015 Dec 21.
Elevated Blood Lead Levels in Children Associated With the Flint Drinking Water Crisis: A Spatial Analysis of Risk and Public Health Response.
Hanna Alberta Mil La Channa II Sadier DCI Channana Schoon Al

Author information

Abstract
OBJECTIVES-We analyzed differences in pediatric elevated blood lead level incidence before and after Flint, Michigan, introduced a more corrosive values source into an aging water system without adequate corrosion control.

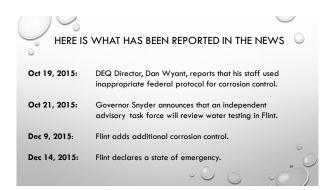
METHODS: We reviewed blood lead levels for children younger than 5 years before (2013) and after (2015) water source change in Greater Flint, Michigan, We assessed the percentage of deviated blood lead levels in both time periods, and identified geographical locations through spatial analysis.

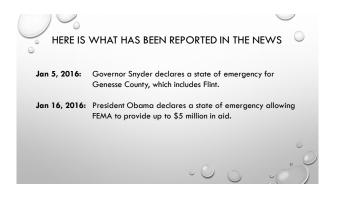
RESULTS: Incidence of elevated blood lead levels increase. So firm or 2.4% to 4.5% (P < .05) after water source change, and elegiblorhoods with the highest water lead levels experienced a 6.6% increase. So significant change was seen outside the city. Geographia analysis identified disadvartaged neighborhoods as having the greatest elevated blood lead level increases and informed response prioritization during the nov-declared public health rememperary.

CONCLUSIONS: The percentage of children with elevated blood lead level increases after water source change, particularly in socioecorômically

CONCLUSIONS: The percentage of children with elevated blood lead levels increased after water source change, particularly in socioecoritmically disadvantaged neighborhoods. Water is a growing source of childhood lead exposure because of aging infrastructure.









WEBINAR BY DPH DRINKING WATER SECTION ON MARCH 17 TH , 2016:	
A RECORDING OF THE PRESENTATION CAN BE FOUND ON <u>WWW.TRAIN.ORG</u>	
GO TO COURSE #1062854 CT HEALTHY HOMES: CONNECTICUT'S APPROACH TO PUBLIC DRINKING WATER AND PUBLIC HEALTH PROTECTION	
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DWS RESPONSIBILITIES	0
MINIMIZE THE RISK TO THE PUBLIC'S HEALTH THROUGH PROTECTIVE MEASURES	
PROACTIVELY PROTECT PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SOURCES	
TRACKING OF SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT (SDWA) COMPLIANCE & REPORTING TO	O EPA
PROACTIVE ENFORCEMENT OF:	
• VIOLATIONS,	
• FOLLOW-UP WITH SYSTEM OWNER,	
• ISSUE NOVS AND ORDERS TO ASSURE SYSTEM COMPLIANCE	0
SYSTEM TAKEOVER IF FAILURE, SYSTEM REVIEW, VIOLATIONS, ETC.	. 0

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN L&HHP AND DWS	
DWS AND L&HHP ARE TALKING MAKING REFERRALS TO ONE ANOTHER DEVISIONING A PROTOCOL ON HIGH LEAD LEVELS PERCENTS.	
DEVELOPING A PROTOCOL ON HIGH LEAD LEVELS REPORTS THAT DO NOT TRIGGER THE LEAD & COPPER RULE	
ASSISTING EACH OTHER WHEN WE CAN	
000	

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WHAT'S HAPPENING NATIONALLY	0
LOTS OF ATTENTION ON LEAD	
MULTIPLE SENATORS ARE DISCUSSING WAYS TO ASSIST STATES WITH LEAD POISONING PREVENTION AND ABATEMENT SENATOR CHRIS MURPHY WILL BE PROPOSING A TAX CREDIT FOR PROPERTY OWNERS WHO PERFORM LEAD ABATEMENT	
EPA IS DEVELOPING GUIDANCE TO ASSIST STATES AND WATER OPERATORS	
LEAD & COPPER RULE WILL MOST LIKELY CHANGE IT WILL TAKE TIME TO IMPLEMENT	0

